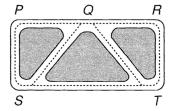
# DM534 - Introduction to Computer Science Exercises Week 45, Graph Theory

November 5, 2016

Exercise 1



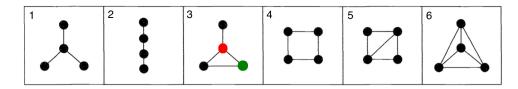
Draw the graph representing the road system in the figure above, and write down the number of vertices, the number of edges and the degree of each vertex.

## Exercise 2 On Twitter:

- a) John follows Joan, Jean and Jane; Joe follows Jane and Joan; Jean and Joan follow each other. Draw a digraph illustrating these follow-relationships between John, Joan, Jean, Jane and Joe.
- b) Twitter has  $\approx 313$  million active users (June 2016, based on Twitter Inc.). Imagine you would like to store the digraph for the follow-relationships in an adjacency matrix that uses 4 bytes per entry on your new laptop which has 64 GB of RAM. Is this feasible?
- c) The municipality of Odense has a population of  $\approx 200000$  people. Let G be the graph where the meaning of an edge from vertex i to j is "person i is friends with person j". Imagine you would like to store the adjacency matrix for this graph for the relationships in a matrix representation that uses 4 bytes per entry on your new laptop which has 64 GB of RAM. Is this feasible?

#### Exercise 3

Given are the following 6 graphs. (Note, that the nodes do not have labels).



- a) How many walks of length 3 from the red vertex to the green vertex are there in graph 3?
- b) How many paths from the red vertex to the green vertex are there in graph 3?
- c) How many shortest paths from the red vertex to the green vertex are there in graph 3?
- d) For each of the graphs: what is the longest of all pairwise shortest paths?
- e) Give an adjacency matrix for graph 1. Can there be different adjacency matrices for the same graph? If so, name a second adjacency matrix for graph 1. Can you find two different adjacency matrices for graph 6?

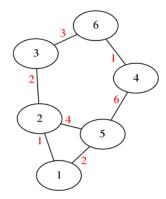
## Exercise 4

Let A be an adjacency matrix. In the lecture you learned that the ij-entry of  $A^k$  is the number of different walks from vertex i to vertex j using exactly k edges.

- a) What is the interpretation of the *ij*-entry of the matrix  $A^1 + A^2 + A^3$ ?
- b) Complete the following sentence with the missing expression: In a graph G with adjacency matrix A, vertex i and j are connected if and only if  $\ldots > 0$ .

### Exercise 5

Given the following weighted graph (from the lecture slides, weights are depicted in red)



with the already computed distance matrix D

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 7 & 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 & 4 & 5 & 3 \\ 7 & 6 & 4 & 0 & 6 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 & 3 & 5 & 6 & 0 & 7 \\ 6 & 5 & 3 & 1 & 7 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- a) How many shortest path in G are of length 6? Name them.
- b) How long is the longest of all pairwise shortest paths in the graph? Are there several longest shortest paths?
- c) How many paths in G are of length 6? (Note: a path does not necessarily need to be a shortest path.) Name them.

## Exercise 6

Assume in this exercise that all weights on edges are non-negative values.

a) In a graph G with n=6 vertices, how many matrix-matrix multiplication operations are needed in the worst case in order to compute the distance matrix D, when the method of repeated squaring is used to compute D?

- b) In a graph G with n = 200 vertices, how many matrix-matrix multiplications are needed in the worst case in order to compute the distance matrix D, when the method of repeated squaring is used to compute D?
- c) What is the computational runtime (in O-notation, as a function of n) in order to compute the distance matrix D for a graph G with n vertices if the method of repeated squaring is used to compute D?
- d) Can you find a graph G with n=6 vertices, for which  $W^4 \neq W^5$ ? If so, depict it.
- e) Can you find a graph G with n=6 vertices, for which  $W^5 \neq W^6$ ? If so, depict it.
- f) Can you find a graph G with n=6 vertices, for which  $W^1=W^2$ ? If so, depict it.

#### Exercise 7

Given is the following molecule (it's called 2,3-Dimethylhexane, see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2,3-Dimethylhexane):

$$CH_3$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

- a) How many carbon atoms does this molecule have?
- b) Draw the graph G corresponding to the carbon backbone of the molecule.
- c) Give the edge weight matrix W for the graph G.
- d) Use your brain or the python program shortestPaths.py to infer the distance matrix (Hint: the graph is rather simple, you won't need a program for that.)
- e) What is the Wiener Index  $\mathcal{W}(G)$ ?
- f) How many shortest paths of length  $3 i \rightarrow ... \rightarrow j$  with i < j are in G?
- g) Using Wiener's method for predicting the boiling point, what is your prediction for 2,3-Dimethylhexane?