



C-CoRN: The Constructive Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

Dutch Proof Tools Day, 9 July 2004

Luís Cruz-Filipe

University of Nijmegen, Netherlands
Center for Logic and Computation, Portugal

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

1. Overview of CoRN and C-CoRN

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

1. Overview of CoRN and C-CoRN
2. History

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

- 
1. Overview of CoRN and C-CoRN
 2. History
 3. Features

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

- 
1. Overview of CoRN and C-CoRN
 2. History
 3. Features
 4. Some Examples

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen



1. Overview of CoRN and C-CoRN
2. History
3. Features
4. Some Examples
5. Future Directions

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

What?

Where?

Why?

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen

What?

A library of constructive mathematics formalized in Coq

Where?

Why?

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen



What?

A library of constructive mathematics formalized in Coq

Where?

Repository: University of Nijmegen (NL)

Why?

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen



What?

A library of constructive mathematics formalized in Coq

Where?

Repository: University of Nijmegen (NL)

Users: (some day) all over the world...

Why?

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen



What?

A library of constructive mathematics formalized in Coq

Where?

Repository: University of Nijmegen (NL)

Users: (some day) all over the world...

Why?

Formalize mathematics in a systematic way

The Coq Repository @ Nijmegen



What?

A library of constructive mathematics formalized in Coq

Where?

Repository: University of Nijmegen (NL)

Users: (some day) all over the world...

Why?

Formalize mathematics in a systematic way

Analyze the process of formalizing mathematics

The FTA project

The FTA project

Objective: Show it is possible to formalize a non-trivial piece of mathematics.

The FTA project

Objective: Show it is possible to formalize a non-trivial piece of mathematics.

Goal: Formalize the FTA in a modular and reusable way.

The FTA project

Objective: Show it is possible to formalize a non-trivial piece of mathematics.

Goal: Formalize the FTA in a modular and reusable way.

Period: 1999–2001

The FTA project

Objective: Show it is possible to formalize a non-trivial piece of mathematics.

Goal: Formalize the FTA in a modular and reusable way.

Period: 1999–2001

Achievements:

- Algebraic Hierarchy with axiomatic real numbers;
- Specialized automation strategies;
- Model of \mathbb{R} .

The FTA project

Objective: Show it is possible to formalize a non-trivial piece of mathematics.

Goal: Formalize the FTA in a modular and reusable way.

Period: 1999–2001

Achievements:

- Algebraic Hierarchy with axiomatic real numbers;
- Specialized automation strategies;
- Model of \mathbb{R} .

People: H. Barendregt, H. Geuvers, M. Niqui, R. Pollack, F. Wiedijk, J. Zwanenburg

Real Analysis & C-CoRN

Real Analysis & C-CoRN

Objectives: Reuse, test and extend the FTA library.

Real Analysis & C-CoRN

Objectives: Reuse, test and extend the FTA library.

Goal: Formalize 1st year real calculus and identify the main problems.

Real Analysis & C-CoRN

Objectives: Reuse, test and extend the FTA library.

Goal: Formalize 1st year real calculus and identify the main problems.

Period: Sep/2001–Dec/2002

Real Analysis & C-CoRN

Objectives: Reuse, test and extend the FTA library.

Goal: Formalize 1st year real calculus and identify the main problems.

Period: Sep/2001–Dec/2002

Achievements:

Partial functions;

Differential & integral calculus;

Specialized tactics;

Library of transcendental functions.

Real Analysis & C-CoRN

Objectives: Reuse, test and extend the FTA library.

Goal: Formalize 1st year real calculus and identify the main problems.

Period: Sep/2001–Dec/2002

Achievements:

Partial functions;

Differential & integral calculus;

Specialized tactics;

Library of transcendental functions.

People: L. Cruz-Filipe

C-CoRN & CoRN

C-CoRN & CoRN

Goal: Expand in new directions:

Goal: Expand in new directions:

- ⑥ Program extraction (L. Cruz-Filipe, B. Spitters,
Oct/2002–Dec/2003)

Goal: Expand in new directions:

- ⑥ Program extraction (L. Cruz-Filipe, B. Spitters, Oct/2002–Dec/2003)
- ⑥ Group theory (H. Barendregt, D. Synek, Jun/2003–)

Goal: Expand in new directions:

- ⑥ Program extraction (L. Cruz-Filipe, B. Spitters, Oct/2002–Dec/2003)
- ⑥ Group theory (H. Barendregt, D. Synek, Jun/2003–)
- ⑥ Complex exponential (S. Hinderer, Jun–Jul/2003)

Goal: Expand in new directions:

- ⑥ Program extraction (L. Cruz-Filipe, B. Spitters, Oct/2002–Dec/2003)
- ⑥ Group theory (H. Barendregt, D. Synek, Jun/2003–)
- ⑥ Complex exponential (S. Hinderer, Jun–Jul/2003)
- ⑥ Automation (L. Cruz-Filipe, D. Hendriks, F. Wiedijk)

Goal: Expand in new directions:

- ⑥ Program extraction (L. Cruz-Filipe, B. Spitters, Oct/2002–Dec/2003)
- ⑥ Group theory (H. Barendregt, D. Synek, Jun/2003–)
- ⑥ Complex exponential (S. Hinderer, Jun–Jul/2003)
- ⑥ Automation (L. Cruz-Filipe, D. Hendriks, F. Wiedijk)
- ⑥ Education (I. Loeb, L. Mamane, Feb/2004–)

Goal: Expand in new directions:

- ⑥ Program extraction (L. Cruz-Filipe, B. Spitters, Oct/2002–Dec/2003)
- ⑥ Group theory (H. Barendregt, D. Synek, Jun/2003–)
- ⑥ Complex exponential (S. Hinderer, Jun–Jul/2003)
- ⑥ Automation (L. Cruz-Filipe, D. Hendriks, F. Wiedijk)
- ⑥ Education (I. Loeb, L. Mamane, Feb/2004–)
- ⑥ Theoretical aspects (H. Barendregt, L. Cruz-Filipe, H. Geuvers, B. Spitters, F. Wiedijk)

Methodology

Methodology

- ⑥ Aim at generality

Methodology

- ⑥ Aim at generality
- ⑥ Constructive reasoning, compatible with classical axioms

Methodology

- ⑥ Aim at generality
- ⑥ Constructive reasoning, compatible with classical axioms
- ⑥ Two-sorted logic

Methodology

- ⑥ Aim at generality
- ⑥ Constructive reasoning, compatible with classical axioms
- ⑥ Two-sorted logic
- ⑥ Applications: algebraic reasoning, program extraction

Organization

Organization

⑥ Internal coherence

Organization

- ⑥ Internal coherence
 - △ structured according to subject

Organization

⑥ Internal coherence

- △ structured according to subject
- △ syntax conventions

Organization

⑥ Internal coherence

- △ structured according to subject
- △ syntax conventions

⑥ Visibility

Organization

⑥ Internal coherence

- △ structured according to subject
- △ syntax conventions

⑥ Visibility

- △ documentation vs. presentation...

Organization



⑥ Internal coherence

- △ structured according to subject
- △ syntax conventions

⑥ Visibility

- △ documentation vs. presentation...
- △ focus on mathematical and metaformalization issues

Examples

Examples

- ⑥ from the library:

Examples

⑥ from the library:

△ algebra: $\forall_{f:R[\mathbb{C}]} . (\text{nonConstant } f) \Rightarrow \exists_{z:\mathbb{C}} . f(z) = 0$

Examples

⑥ from the library:

- △ **algebra**: $\forall_{f:R[\mathbb{C}]} . (\text{nonConstant } f) \Rightarrow \exists_{z:\mathbb{C}} . f(z) = 0$
- △ **trigonometry**: $\forall_{x:\mathbb{R}} . \cos^2(x) + \sin^2(x) = 1$

Examples

⑥ from the library:

- △ algebra: $\forall_{f:R[\mathbb{C}]} . (\text{nonConstant } f) \Rightarrow \exists_{z:\mathbb{C}} . f(z) = 0$
- △ trigonometry: $\forall_{x:\mathbb{R}} . \cos^2(x) + \sin^2(x) = 1$
- △ complex numbers: $e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$

Examples (cont.)

Examples (cont.)

- ⑥ program extraction: computed values of constants

Examples (cont.)

- program extraction: computed values of constants

approximation	value of e
0	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
1	$\frac{1}{1} = 1$
2	$\frac{2}{1} = 2$
5	$\frac{65}{24} \approx 2.70833$
10	$\frac{98641}{36288} \approx 2.71828$

Examples (cont.)

- program extraction: computed values of constants

approximation	value of $\sqrt{2}$
0	$\frac{0}{1} = 0$
1	$\frac{3}{3} = 1$
2	$\frac{3}{3} = 1$
5	$\frac{35}{27} \approx 1.2963$
10	$\frac{27755}{19683} \approx 1.4101$

The Future

The Future

- ⑥ More users

The Future

- ⑥ More users
- ⑥ More topics

The Future

- ⑥ More users
- ⑥ More topics
 - △ complex analysis

The Future

- ⑥ More users
- ⑥ More topics
 - △ complex analysis
 - △ number theory

The Future

- ⑥ More users
- ⑥ More topics
 - △ complex analysis
 - △ number theory
- ⑥ More applications